





Chemtex Group Global Engineering and Project Solutions

PROESA® technology: the industrial solution for cellulosic ethanol projects

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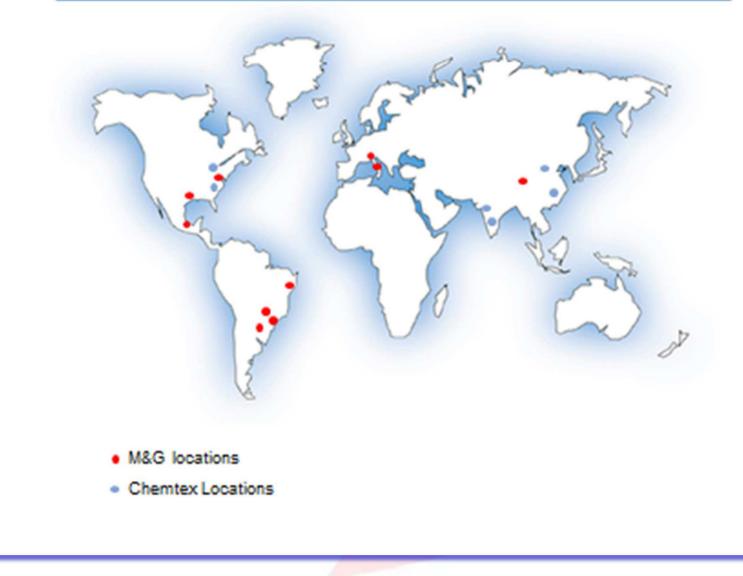
> > IEA – Vienna, 14/11/12 Stefania Pescarolo – Funding Project Assistant R&D Europe

Topics

ETHANOL

- 1. M&G group
- 2. M&G vision on renewables
- 3. PROESA® Technology: the history
- 4. PROESA® Technology: today

M&G – Worldwide Locations



Gruppo Mossi e Ghisolfi (M&G)

| 1950 - 1979 | 1979-2000 | 2000-2007 | 2007 & beyond |
|--|--|--|---|
| Packaging Manufacturing Phase | <i>Chemical Specialty Manufacturing Phase</i> | PET Expansion Phase | Renewables |
| M&G was founded in 1953 by Vittorio Ghisolfi in Tortona, Italy M&G offered customers packaging from HDPE and PVC | Group activities were integrated upstream in the development and production of special resin (PET) for food packaging applications | 2000 Acquisition of Shell's PET business 2002 Acquisition of Brazilian controlled Rhodia-ster from Rhone Poulenc | 2007 Testing and developmen of technology on lab scale for cellulosic ethanol 2008 Agronomic testing of energy crops |
| GRUPPO MOSSI & GHISOLFI • Privately held company with deep roots in manufacturing (PET and Acetates) | | 2003 Start up of world's largest PET production unit at Altamira (Mexico) 2004 Acquisition of the world class engineering group Chemtex from Mitsubishi Corporation | 2009 Construction and tests on a continuous pilot plant for cellulosic ethanol |
| 2600 Employees worldwide A commitment to R&D (3 Cen USD 2.5 billion annual revenu Operations in the USA, Italy, | e | 2007 Start-up of highest capacity single line PET production plant in Suape, Brazil A Chemtex EPC Project | 2011 Cellulosic Ethanol Demonstration Plant 15 mmgpy Start up |

M&G R&D on renewables

Locations:

- Rivalta, ITALY
- Sharon Center, Ohio USA
- (Italy)

Scope of Activities:

- R&D on biofuel and biochemicals from renewable resources
- Operational pilot plants
- Agronomic evaluation
- Product applications support









M&G Vision on renewables

For both **Bio-Fuels** and **Bio-based Chemicals** the solution is based on the same key fundamentals:

- 1.Competitive pricing compared to products from Black Route (at oil prices in the USD \$60-\$70/Bbl range);
- 2.Environmentally sustainable with respect to Green House Gases: overall GHG sequestration balance (including biomass feedstock farming, transportation, chemicals or biofuels production processes);



3.Agronomically sustainable on the long term (i.e. no competition with food)

4. Profitable for farmers to grow biomass feedstock

Second generation technology: PROESA®

- More than USD \$200m investment into R&D since 2006.
- Extensive agronomic studies and supply chain logistics to support downstream plant development.
- ✓ A continuous 1 T/D Biomass pilot facility operational since 2009.
- ✓ A 40,000 ton/y Bioethanol demonstration plant being built in Italy (targeted completion end 2012).
- Intellectual Property multiple patent applications filed.
- Collaboration with Amyris, Genomatica, Codexis, Gevo and others for the joint development of drop-in fuels and bio-based chemicals using PROESA® Technology.
- Commitment of M&G/Chemtex and its partners to continuous development and improvement.
- Beta Renawables: joint venture Chemtex-TPG
- Strategic partnership making Novozymes the preferred enzyme supplier for Beta Renewables' current and future cellulosic biofuel projects.

RENEWABLES S.p.A.







Financial:

- Lower capital investment as a result of minimum handling of biomass, simplified flow schemes and no special materials of construction;
- Cash cost of fermentable sugars at ~10 ¢/lb;
- ✓ Cash cost of ethanol of <\$ 1.50/USG (\$ 0.40/L);</p>
- Cost-effective at modest scale; short supply chains.

Flexibility:

- Feedstock-agnostic: energy crops, agricultural residues, organic waste, woody biomass, bagasse;
- Deployable worldwide;
- Pure lignin by-product;
- Power from lignin output to run plant.

Competitive and attractive economics <u>without</u> subsidies

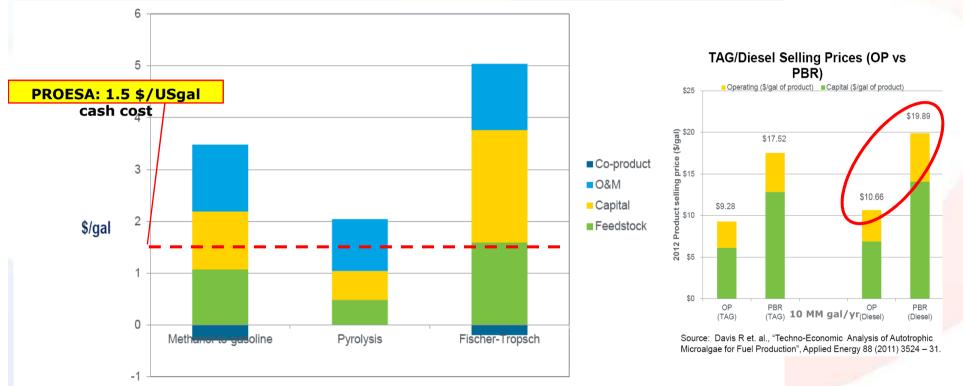




PROESA[®] scale up

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy

Cost of Production for Hydrocarbon Biofuels



- Other economically viable technology routes for hydrocarbon biofuels exist, such as conversion of waste and plant oils, and sugar-to-hydrocarbons
- These costs are projected for the Nth Biorefinery Plant, after operation of initial commercial-scale Pioneer Plants



PROESA[®] scale up



2006-2008

- Scouting of Technologies
- Agronomic testing on energy crops
- Generation of key inventions
 - Proof of unit operation in labs





- PILOT PLANT construction & start up (June 2009)
- Pilot Plant operation and Data gathering
 - Test of Plant flexibility using multiple biomasses



2011-2012

- Crescentino 40,000 ton/y INDUSTRIAL DEMONSTRATION ETHANOL PLANT
- Technology licensing





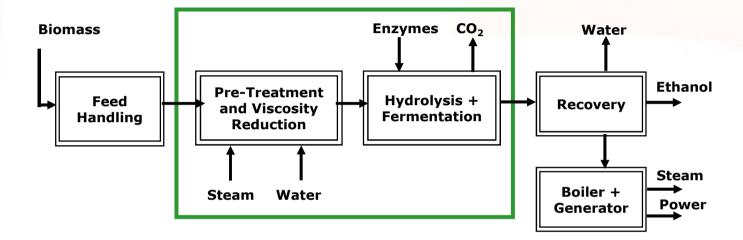






PROESA[®] - The Technology





The <u>Pillars</u> of PROESA[™] are:

- **1. Agronomy**: Field experimentation and best energy crops identified and characterized.
- 2. Biomass Pre-Treatment and Viscosity Reduction: Continuous process developed and piloted to produce costeffective and clean fermentable sugars.
- **3. Hydrolysis and Fermentation**: Unique hybrid SSCF process scheme yielding high ethanol concentrations
- **4.** Valorization of secondary streams and co-products. *12*

BENEFITS OF DEDICATED ENERGY CROPS

Agronomy



| Compared and an analysis of the case of the second s | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Large-scale production | Low inputs | |
| Low production cost | High CO ₂ sequestration | |
| High fuel yield per hectare | Positive fossil fuel ratio | |

Energy crops

- ✓ Arundo donax (Giant reed)
- ✓ Miscanthus giganteus
- Panicum virgatum (Switchgrass)

Agricultural and industrial residues

- ✓ Wheat straw
- ✓ Rice straw
- ✓ Corn stover
- ✓ Sugarcane bagasse

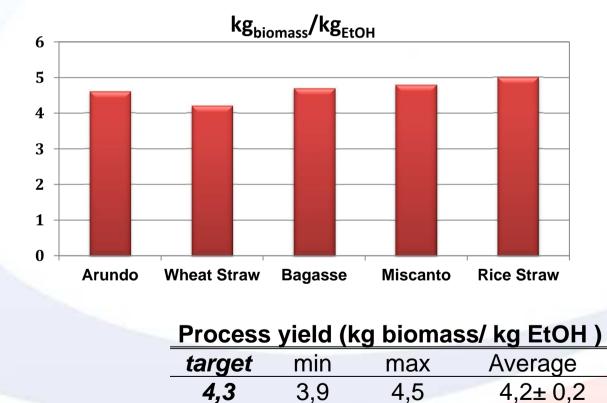
Woody species

- Eucalyptus
- ✓ Poplar

- ✓ Shorter supply chains;
- Simple process and equipment solutions;
- \checkmark Closer to customer.
- ✓ What counts on biomass cost is logistics.
- Therefore it is WAY BETTER bringing the plant to the biomass rather than the biomass to the plant.
- If then the plant is fed with multiple feestocks, the optimization is complete.

PROESA® Pre-treatment

- New Pre-treatment Process has been successfully tested by Chemtex on the continuous pilot plant since June 2009 (covered by a patent application)
- Long run continuous tests (24h/day operation for more than a month) with several feedstock, for investigating process stability and system behavior
- 500 days (more than 3.500 h) of operation in total



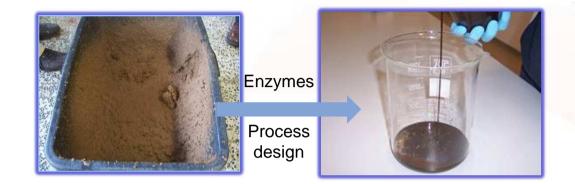


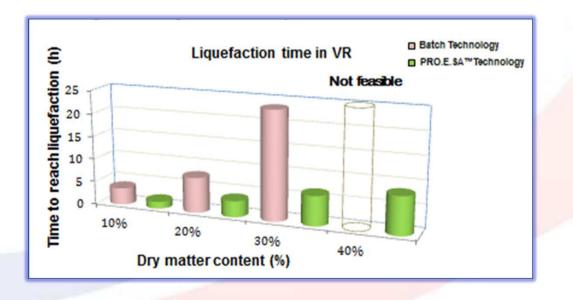
Composition of the material entering the viscosity reduction section is constant.

PROESA® VR - Hydrolysis and Fermentation

A unique hybrid SSCF process

- Possibility to work at dry matter contents up to 40% (potential to yield 12% ethanol in fermentation).
- Material is liquefied after few hours (< 8 h) even at low enzyme load
- Efficient use of enzyme cocktails; flexible to multiple biotech solutions.
- Low energy consumption for agitation.
- Easy pH and temperature control
- ✓ Low Capex and Opex





Results confirm PROESA[™] hydrolysate can be a suitable sugar substrate for a wide range of fermentative route to biochemicals based products



The continuous Pilot Plant on 2G tech...

HOW IT OPERATES

- BIOMASS AGNOSTIC (12 kinds of biomasse tested)
- NO BIOMASS DRYING/GRINDING REQUIRED
- LOW LEVEL OF INHIBITOR (lower then in P.O.C.)
- NO USE OF CHEMICALS (only steam is added)
- REDUCED ENZYME LOADS
- RAPID LIQUEFACTION OF THE SOLID MATERIAL
- HIGH SOLID CONCENTRATION (> 40%) IN THE HYDROLYSIS STEP





Crescentino 2nd gen. 40.000 ton/y Ethanol Plant





- In April 2011, M&G and Chemtex broke ground for a 40 ktpa / 13.4 mmgpy nameplate cellulosic ethanol plant based on Arundo Donax & wheat straw.
- Crescentino will generate 13MW of "green" power from lignin to the grid and will sell ethanol to a major oil company.
- Design incorporates state-of-the-art wastewater treatment facility for maximum recycle of water.
- Start-up: end 2012.





Crescentino: some figures

- 40'000 Mtons bioethanol
- 13 MW power
- 300 pieces of equipment
- 1'500 tons of steel
- 1'400 tons of pipes and valves
- **30'000** m³ of concrete
- 18 km of underground piping
- 4'000 ha of lignocellulosic biomass
- (Arundo donax and/or agro-residues)
- More than **150 persons** involved directly











...a cost competitive, low carbon alternative to petroleum derived jet fuel and biochemicals in a short term horizon

